#### **Course Three - English & Maths Combined - Course Preview**

This preview is designed to show you, in some depth, the work we'll go through in this course.

- 1. The course covers maths and English work with an engaging mix of core skills development, technical topic work and revision.
- 2. At this age consolidation (however bright a child is) is more important than moving ahead.

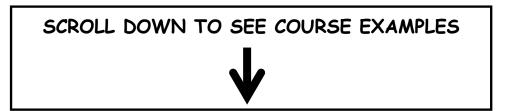
#### How is the course structured?

- Half an hour of work each day during the week, or slightly longer at weekends we understand that everyone's schedules are different. We believe that utilising a routine is the most effective way to complete the work.
- In each part of the course children can expect 16-20 items of work, some of which can be completed quite quickly and other items that require more time.
- The course is 32 parts long and is designed to be completed over a longer period of time taking into account the importance of children leading healthy, balanced lifestyles with sufficient time for other activities.
- The work is colourful and fun and, while going through several updates and changes, has successfully engaged children for over twenty years.
- The work is diverse with a wide variety of sheets, themes and topics all orientated at consolidation and development.

#### How will the course benefit my child?

- If sufficient concentration and diligence is applied, we expect to see results within six to eight weeks and in many cases parents will get positive comments from teachers about improvement within the first six months.
- Children who complete this course make good progress towards reaching their full potential with many children being two levels ahead of where they would have been without the work.
- 1. No book covers the material in this much detail.
- 2. This course is fully structured with revision built in.
- 3. The planning is already done meaning parents can focus on helping their children.

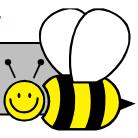
Below are examples taken from the whole course to give a flavour of the work.



#### This is a very busy bee week for you.

LEARNING STREET LESSON PLAN

#### LESSON 12



- 1. <u>Tables</u>:
  - 8x Table. Please complete both funsheets.
  - 5x Table. Complete the whole sheet then check your answers on your calculator. Easy revision work.
- 2. <u>Mental Arithmetic</u>: Try to complete the test entirely in your head.
  If you work carefully and slowly, then you should be getting 20/20.

#### Front Sheets

These sheets come at the front of every part of the course. They let you know what is included in each part of the course.

We let you know when to approach each activity and why it is important.

- 6. <u>Best Handwriting</u>: low and oal words.
- 7. Basic Maths and English:
  - Tallying no answers for this.
  - Reading and Understanding Zebras.
- 8. <u>Mad Word Picture</u>: Remember. Mad Word Pictures help you to learn hard words.
- 9. <u>Homophones 1</u>: These are words that sound alike but have different meanings and are spelt differently too. More to come.
- 10. <u>Measurement</u>: Making a paper aeroplane. More on this next week.
  - It flies better with flaps and tail on it. Have a good time. I did!
- 11. Fun Boggle Spelling Game: Just spend 10 minutes on this to see who wins.
- 12. <u>Six Basic Shapes to learn</u>: Learn the spellings using the Look Cover Write Check sheet please.

### **Spelling Patterns**

### ow (o) spelling pattern

- 1. Learn the words first. Make sure you know what each word means.
- 2. Test yourself by writing down each word correctly in the first column. Go over any mistakes.
- 3. Get someone to test you and write your answers in the second column. Go over any mistakes.

Look/Learn/Cover		Write/Check 1	Write/Check 2
m o	w		
st o	w		

#### Spelling Patterns

This work, which appears throughout the course, helps
 children to understand spelling patterns. This is a very
 important building block for their education.

****	***
foll <mark>ow</mark>	
wallo <mark>w</mark>	
swallo <mark>w</mark>	
pillow	
will <b>ow</b>	

\*\*\*\*\*\*

### **Spelling Pattern Exercises**

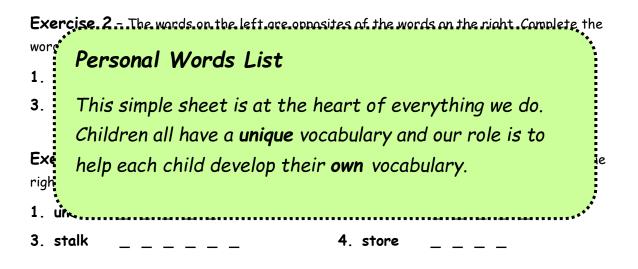
#### ow (o) spelling pattern

- 1. You should know these words. If you make any mistakes please go over them to ensure your learning is secure.
- 2. These exercises are designed to test the spellings you have learnt, check your understanding and further enhance your vocabulary.

#### Exercise 1 - CLOZE test.

Fill in the missing letters to make the correct words.

The f \_ l \_ w \_ n g day the low sun g \_ \_ e d in the cold sky. B \_ \_ w his w \_ n \_ w Andrew saw a lone black c \_ w scratching about for food in the s \_ w. Poor f \_ l l \_ \_ , Andrew thought. He lay back on his p \_ l \_ o \_ and w \_ l l \_ e \_ in his thoughts of a warm summer's day with dad m \_ w \_ g the lawn and s \_ \_ l \_ \_ s flying above and him reading his book in the s \_ a \_ w of the w i \_ \_ \_ tree.



Exercise 4 - CLOZE sentences. Fill in the missing letters to complete each sentence.

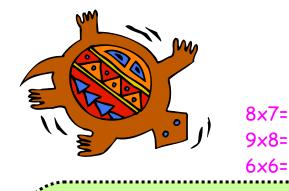
1. The \_ \_ w stopped them from getting to school for a whole week!

- 2. Moles spend most of their time \_ e I \_ \_ ground level.
- 3. Tim was fascinated by the \_ I \_ w given off by the multi-coloured lights.
- 4. The \_ I o \_ of the stream was exceptionally strong.
- 5. Morgan was definitely in the \_ \_ o w about spelling patterns.
- 6. The dog was petrified of its own  $\_$   $\_$   $\_$  d o  $\_$  .
- 7. The w \_ \_ d \_ w shattered into a thousand fragments.
- 8. He told his friend to \_ \_ I I \_ w him in the car.
- 9. His sore throat made it hard for him to <u>wal</u> ow.
- 10. Her \_ i | | \_ \_ was not soft enough for weaving into a basket.

#### Have 2 attempts please. Get someone to time you.

Go slowly, like the tortoise for your first attempt. Go like the hare for your second!

Tables: 2x 3x 4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x 10x



#### **Times Tables**

This is possibly the most important core skill for children learning maths. We spend a great deal of time on tables, helping to deepen children's knowledge of this core area. Some parents make the mistake of trying to leave this area too early. At this stage most children have a good knowledge but this could be improved further.

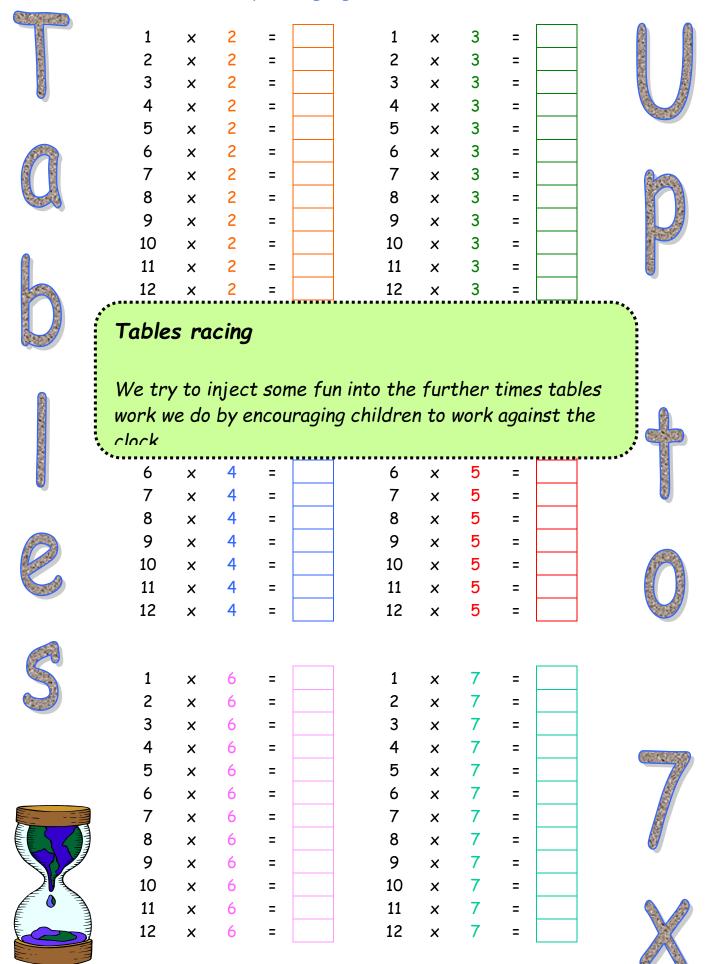
> 5×7= 7×6= 4×4= 7×3= 0×7= 6×8=

First attempt:..... seconds

Second attempt:....seconds

How do your marks compare?

#### Fancy Racing Against the Clock?



Total time taken:

### How to grow a Giant Sunflower

Buy a packet of giant sunflower seeds. You will also need three 9cm plastic pots and some potting compost. Fill each pot with compost and firm it down gently. Push a single seed into each pot with your finger until it is about 2cm down. Fill the hole made by your finger with a little more compost. Water each pot well.



The pots must have warmth and light for the seeds to germinate, so place them inside on a supprivile densily. If the last frost has presed you sould place comprehension In the Comprehension activities are a central part of the

Comprehension activities are a central part of the course. Here is a non-fiction passage but we include other types such as fiction and classic texts throughout the course.

each in a second and a second and a second a se

Read the instructions again carefully and answer these questions:.

- 1. What three things do you need to obtain before you start?
- 2. How deep should the seeds be planted?

abd

of

not

to ( In

- 3. What must be added to the pots regularly?
- 4. What are the essential conditions for the seeds to germinate?
- 5. How long before the seeds should start sprouting?
- 6. When can you plant them into the garden bed?
- 7. How would you choose where in the garden to plant them?
- 8. What is the ideal distance between each plant?
- 9. Why it is necessary to secure the growing plant to a stake?
- 10. How long will it be before the plants are fully grown?



If it is April or May, get planting!

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### BEST HANDWRITING

Name

1. Trace over and then write the word:

For Handwriting with spelling
We continue our innovative series of exercises which aim to help children develop their cursive writing while learning to spell more difficult words.
Fortury proversion

manufacture satisfaction



Always use a pencil for this exercise.

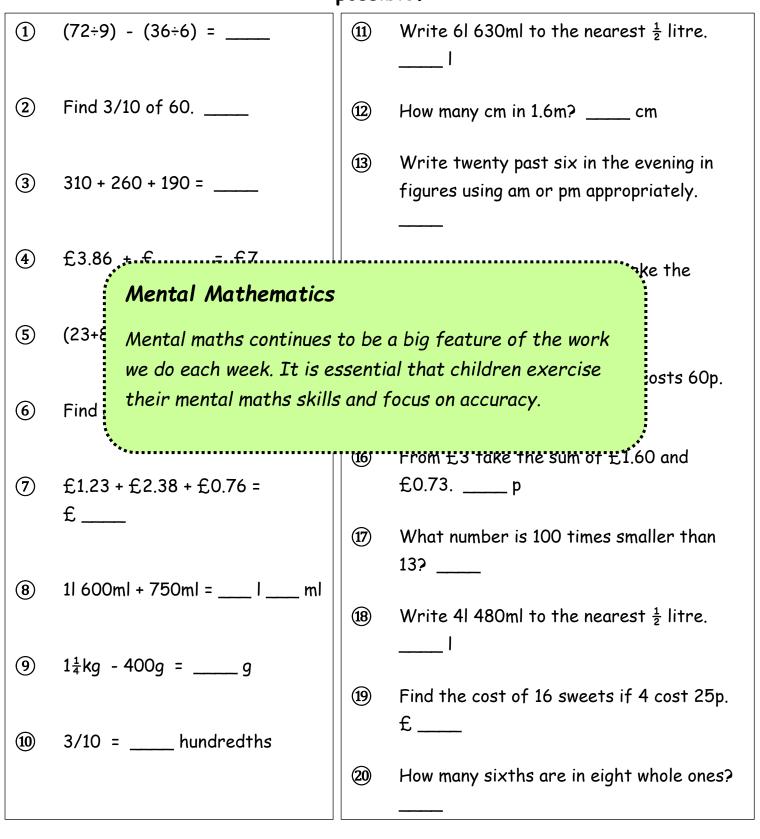
3. Cover each word and

write it from memory:

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### **Mental Mathematics**

Try the following questions. Do as many in your head as possible.



/20

Marks

**MM90** 

### Using a Variety of Connectives

- We use connectives to join clauses of a sentence together.
- Connective words include: before, after, whenever, when, in case, until, if.
- The connective can be placed in the **middle** of a sentence or at the **start** of the sentence.
- Using a connective in a variety of places can help to make your writing more interesting to read.
- Where the connective is placed will change what part of the sentence is emphasised.
- For example: 'You should clean your room when I tell you to' or 'When I tell you to, you should clean your room'.

#### Exercist

Each (

#### Connectives

- appea Throughout the course we include coverage of key
- Be grammar topics. This sheet develops knowledge and use 2. Pl
- of connectives. 3. Th
- 4. Th

1.

- 5. After wanavanaa was no manyer on marger and
- 6. In case you get cold, take your hat with you.
- 7. I was on holiday when I heard the news.
- 8. Whenever it snows, I make snowmen.

#### Exercise 2:

Re-write the sentences below by starting each one with the connective. The first one has been done for you.

1. Joseph was very tired when he got home.

When he got home, Joseph was very tired.

- 2. I went on the swings until break time was over.
- 3. You can have your present if you ask nicely.
- 4. I need to brush my teeth before I go to school.



### Maths Problem Solving

#### Do as much of the work as you can in your head.

(1) 10763.7

(4) A

mince

whick

ther

mince

This is the reading from a water meter. What will the reading be after using another 500 litres?

② Write in figures ten thousand and seventy three.

Make sure you read each question very carefully.

⑦ Zoe's book has 236 pages. She reads 119 pages and then another 73 pages. How many more pages has she left to read?

(8) Simon has a chocolate bar which has 56 squares. He eats 3/8 of the bar. How many squares are left?

③ Richard has 120 marbles, Gary has 180 marbles. What percentage more does Gary have than Richard?

Maths problem solving We also continue to use worded maths problems to ensure children get used to these sorts of problems.

These problems also exercise a child's core skills.

100 cost? \_\_\_\_

(5) Pens cost 26p each and pencils cost 18p each. What is the cost of 4 pens and 6 pencils?

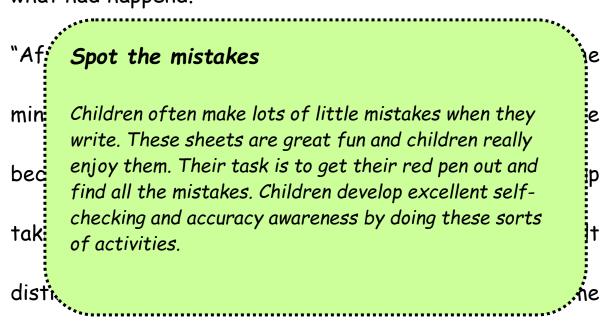
6 Karl should be at work at 8.50am. Today he is 36 minutes late. What time does Karl get to work? (1) Write the sum of £6.73, 28p and £3.13.

much would

12 Mr Brown posts 8 parcels all of the same weight. The parcels altogether weigh 3kg.What is the weight of one parcel? \_\_\_\_\_

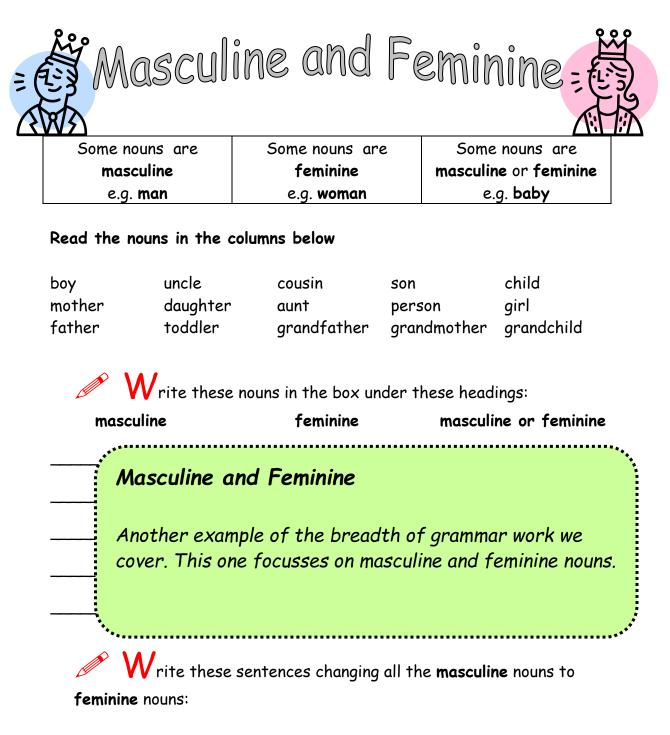
#### No.9. Alexander's school work for marking

In cort, the distrikt judge asked the viktim of the attak what had happend.



because the next thing I knew I was on the ground and he

had grabbed my walet and run away. I recieved a nasty blow which left me daised. Then someone heard my cries and took me to the police stashion."

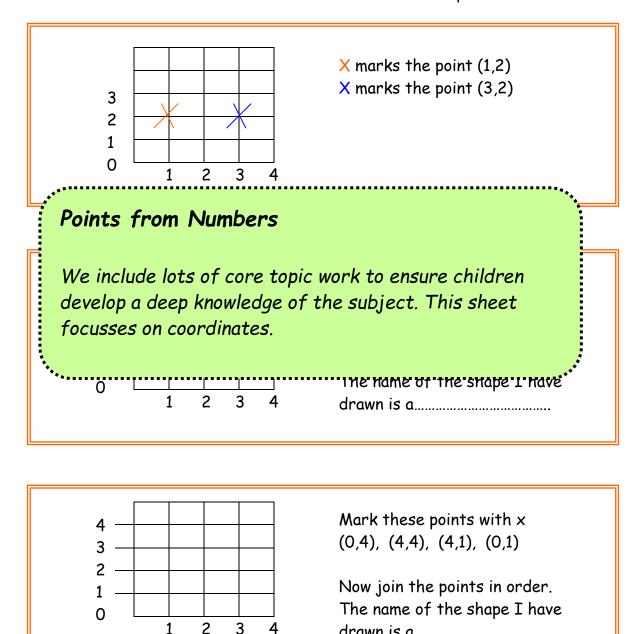


- 1, My father has two sons.
- 2. The twin babies are brothers.
- **3**. A king's son is called a prince.
- 4. The boy helped the old man across the road.
- 5. Grandfather Jones is my uncle's father.



#### **Coordinates Rule:**

Go along the corridor then up the stairs! Or: Read the bottom number first then the numbers up the side.



Use the squares to help you answer this question:

Which point makes a rectangle with (2,2), (2,4), and (4,4)? Answer: (4,2) Try it please.

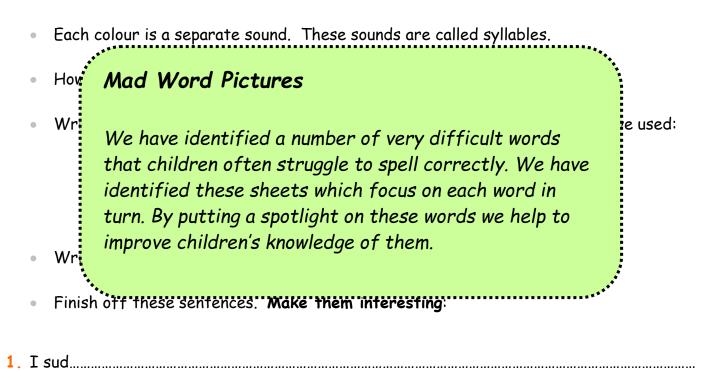
drawn is a.....



Notice the three different colours:

## sud den ly

• Draw a blue ring around the blue letters, a red ring around the red letters and a green ring around the green letters. Now shade in each ring in the same colour.



- They ......
   We ......
- 4. My family .....

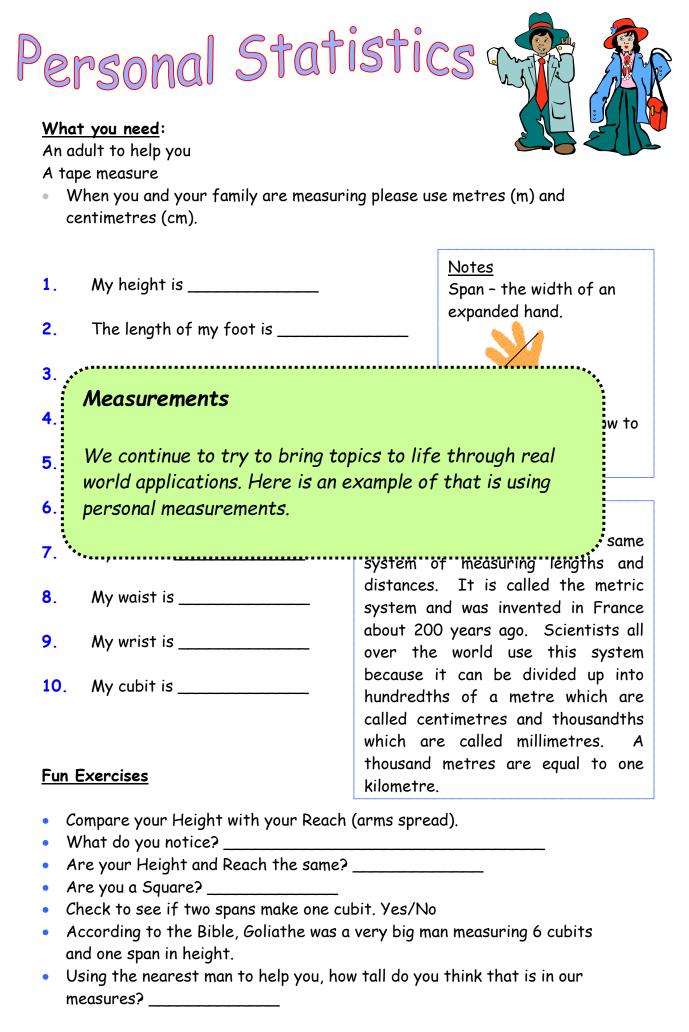


Can you spell suddenly?



YES I CAN!

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### Confusing Words

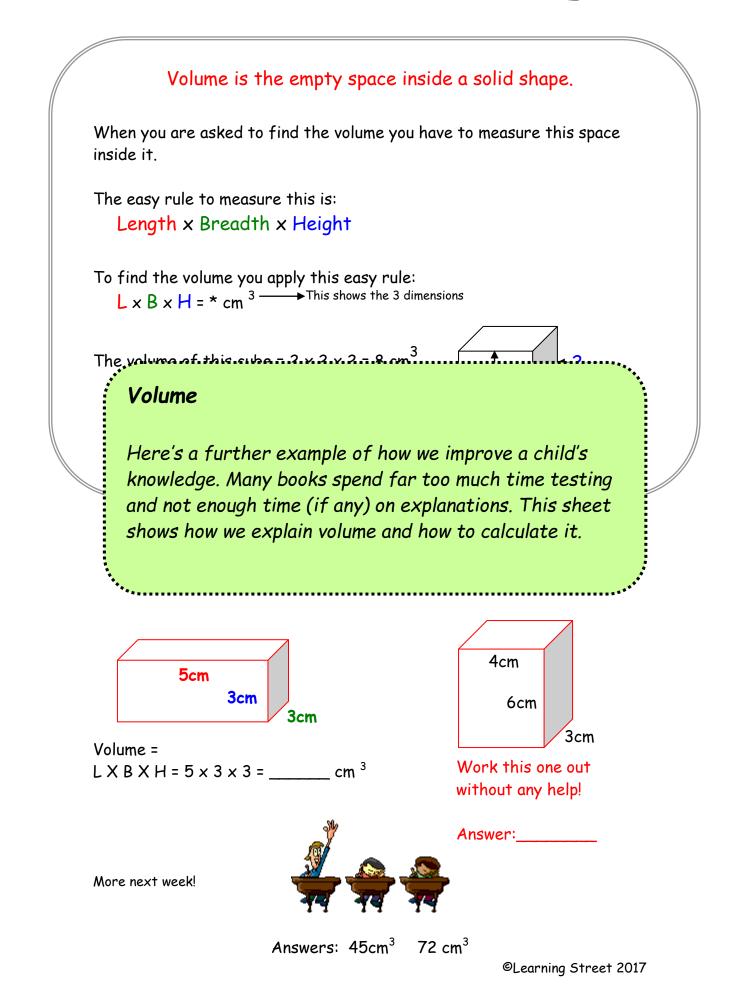
surprised to know that lots of Easy revision children get these wrong. Not you though! Of and Off Of belonging to or from among. For example: This cup is part of the new tea set. The man fell off his ladder. Off away from or the opposite to on. A branch fell off the tree. To, too, two Fill in the spaces: 1. The Prince Wales To 2. Tak Confusing words - Revision 3. A d 4. The course is designed to bring back key items for regular revision on an on-going basis. This is an example 5. Th of such an exercise looking at confusing words - an area 6. An children often make mistakes with. 7. Twc <u>1:----</u>uty 8. \_\_\_\_\_ the pitch. 2. Twenty \_\_\_\_ 9. Time \_\_\_\_ day 3. \_\_\_\_\_ pence 4. \_\_\_\_\_ and fro N// W/ 1// 5. \_\_\_\_night 6. \_\_\_\_morrow 7. \_\_\_\_ many cooks spoil the broth. 8. There were \_\_\_\_\_ eggs in the nest. 9. Mary thought she saw him \_\_\_\_\_.

He is now off to hospital.

You can always hear the ff in off!

You may be

# VOLUME



	Occupations The people in <b>bold type</b> in the sentences use the objects listed at the bottom of the page. Put the correct word beside the person who would use it. Use your dictionary if you are not sure.
1.	The <b>blacksmith</b> hammered the metal on his
2.	The <u>conductor</u> controlled the orchestra with her
3.	The <b>mechanic</b> unscrewed the wheel nut with his
4.	The <b>architect</b> drew a straight line using her
5.	Around the <u>doctor</u> 's neck hung a
6.	The <u>tailor</u> cut out the cloth with some sharp
7.	The <b>b</b> Vocabulary development
8.	The <b>C</b> Through the course we help children develop a wide
9.	The <b>s</b> range of vocabulary. This sheet looks at vocabulary related to occupations.
10.	The <b>g</b>
11.	The emergency <b>ambulance driver</b> switched on his
12.	The <b>bird watcher</b> always had a closer view with his
13.	The <b>tennis coach</b> taught her how to hold the
14.	In mist, the <b>mountain guide</b> always used his

15. The **politician** wished to speak, and stepped up to the



cleaver	siren	spanner	
anvil	rake	brush	6 - 9
binoculars	stethoscope	baton	
scissors	microphone	scalpel	-
compass	ruler	racket	

Put a tick against the words you can spell.

## Area Challenge

On this grid of cm squares draw:

- 1. A square with an area of 16 square cm.
- 2. A square with an area of 9 square cm.
- 3. A rectangle with 3 squares wide and an area of 15 square cm.
- 4. A rectangle with an area of 21 square cm.

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#### Area Challenge

Of course we continue to include revision throughout the course to keep skills fresh. Having introduced area to children before this an example of how we exercise their knowledge. We include lots of ongoing revision as we go on all sorts of other core topics.

	 	 	 	 	 [



Revision of Double Exercise 1	Negatives	Exercise 2 1. colours 2. animals		
<ol> <li>I don't know nothing about it.</li> <li>Don't take no notice of him.</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>3. letters</li> <li>4. colours</li> <li>5. counties</li> <li>Spelling Patterns</li> </ol>		
nowh detail week		ers. Where a question needs a is provided.		
5. I coult my shoes nowhere.	,	had sailed at a <b>PAINFULLY</b> slow pace and could not <b>EXPLAIN</b> it. They were		
<ol> <li>You don't know nothing about tennis.</li> </ol>		<b>AFRAID</b> there was something wrong with their boat. Their early results had been excellent but now they were up		

#### Exercise 2

- 1. X
- 2. ✓
- 3. ✓
- 4. X
- 5. X
- 6. X
- 7. ✓
- 8. X

#### Revision- Types of Nouns Exercise 1

Common	Proper	Collective	Group	Abstract
laptop	Norway	a litter of	letters	justice
bird	Clara	a flock of	numbers	thoughtfulness
lamp	Aidan	a pride of	countries	compassion
dog	Wales	a <i>s</i> warm of	instruments	patience

had sailed at a **PAINFULLY** slow pace and could not **EXPLAIN** it. They were **AFRAID** there was something wrong with their boat. Their early results had been excellent but now they were up **AGAINST** it and had only a **FAINT** chance of a medal place. This was the last race and they did not want to **FAIL**. The starter's gun boomed and the boats crossed the line and sped towards the first marker, slicing through the waves. The British boat **GAINED** the lead at the first buoy, but could they **MAINTAIN** it?

#### Exercise 2

- 1. Painful
- 2. Detain
- 3. Fail
- 4. Afraid

#### Exercise 3

- 1. Gain
- 2. Complain

#### ANSWERS - 9 YEAR COURSE - PART 93

Table	s Test			4.5
45	25	63	49	7.9
12	18	0	36	5.1
18	81	35	108	
72		121	36	In order, smallest first:
	63	32	21	
		• -		1.3
A d	nswe	ers		
A			have answers. Wher	
d	etaile	d ansi	ver then it is provide	2d.
			/ 22E h /E07	••••
80			a/ 225cm b/507cm	17
3.7m			20	1.6
68			19m	1.9
£1.90	)		4	7.9
	• • •			8
	s prodi	em Sol	ving	8.4
16			5 4 6	8.5
			5/12	10.1
18			<b>0</b> • <b>-</b> •	10.9
			£2.70	
50%			1000	Capacity
			4000	
70%				Exercise 1
			4059	1 2
182				2 4
			21 640ml	3 750ml, 1250ml, 1500ml
21cm				4 250ml, 500ml
			39cm	5 4, 2.5, 2
Decin	nals			Exercise 2
0.3				1000 3500
0.5				4000 5500
0.2				-000 5500
0.7				250 1750
0.9				Exercise 3
1.7				750 450
3.3				