### 11 Plus Programme - Boost - Dorset - Course Preview

This preview is designed to show you, in some depth, the work we'll go through in this course. It covers all elements of the GL 11 Plus exam in Dorset as thoroughly as possible within the time available.

### Who should be doing it?

- The course is designed to boost the skills of pupils going for a GL 11 Plus exam in the Dorset area.
- It should be central to the work of any child preparing at home.
- It is also very useful for any child using a tutor or going to a tuition centre.
- The course covers Vocabulary, English, Verbal Reasoning and Maths.

N.B. This is our shortest full course. It is very intensive and ideal for those with not long to go before the exam. It is designed for preparation with 6-15 weeks to go until the exam.

#### Why is the course so successful?

- The course is specifically tailored for 11 Plus exams in the Dorset area. Time will not be wasted revising subjects that are not tested in Dorset.
- The course is fully planned which makes life much easier for parents than using books alone. This is especially true when time is tight.
- The course gradually introduces children to timed tests in the right way so that they build their skills and confidence as they go.
- While the course is regularly updated, the core of it has been used for many years with proven success.

### Who is this course right for?

This course is ideal for any pupil with around 6-15 weeks to go until the 11 Plus exam in Dorset. The course is delivered in 10 parts and ideally a week would be spent on each. It could be completed in 6 weeks by working more intensively or in a more relaxed way in 15 weeks.

- No book covers the ground so completely.
- This course is fully structured, revision is built in.
- There's much less planning work for parents to do.

SCROLL DOWN TO SEE COURSE EXAMPLES



### 11 Plus Programme - Boost - Part 2

The words from past papers worksheets help to introduce you to new words quickly. Use your personal words list if you are not completely sure of them.



#### English and Vocabulary Development

1. Reading: important. addition to Front Sheets

These sheets come at the front of every part of the course. what is included in each part of the

on our list of work because it is so ven you a paired reading text to do in

from this s your own a revise the

Your Perso

2.

They let you know Synonyms Course.

use this sheet to write out any words f. Try to find ten or more words from e new and add them to the list. Also **+ 1**.

3. as astonisk words plea the words **!** 

We let you know how to approach each Synonyms activity and why it is important.

vms. This section includes words such you think you have really learnt the hen test yourself again to make sure

4. learnt thes more thord

simple test a few days after you have ancy will indicate they could be learnt

- 5. Words from Past Papers: If you are not sure then add the word to your personal words list. This time words include economical and majestic.
- 6. Opposites 1 Revision: This page revises all the opposites you learnt last time. Remember to add any words you are not sure of to your personal words diary to ensure you see them with greater frequency.
- 7. Homophones: Remember to use the personal words list to note down any that are new and that you were not sure of.
- 8. More Difficult Opposites: Come back to this sheet two or three times to try and find the solutions. Remember to note down any unknown words in your personal words list.
- 9. Homographs: Can you think of two meanings for the word batter? Do the exercise to check your understanding of these words. Learn any you didn't get.



- 10. Opposites 2 Revision: This page revises all the opposites you learnt last time. If you learnt the words properly then you should get 100%. Remember to add any words you are not sure of to your personal words list to ensure you see them with greater frequency.
- 11. <u>Homographs:</u> Can you think of two meanings for the word current? Do the exercise to check your understanding of these words. Learn any you didn't get.
- 12. <u>Synonyms Revision:</u> This page revises all the synonyms you learnt last time using a **CLOZE** format. If you are not regularly scoring high marks in these revision tests then it indicates that you should be learning the words more thoroughly.
- 13. <u>Paired Reading</u>: The Railway Children by E. Nesbit. If you enjoy the paired reading text then why not read the whole book? Reading classic books not only helps children develop a wide vocabulary but also helps them to develop their comprehension skills.
- 14. <u>Find the Mistakes:</u> I really want you to be a <u>brilliant</u> teacher and mark this work correctly!
- 15. <u>Damage and Repair:</u> Useful vocabulary for you. *planned for you with*

The whole course is planned for you with revision built in.

- 16. <u>Plurals:</u> Nouns ending in O.
- 17. <u>Focus on Spelling-PH:</u> Some children find this spelling pattern difficult, this should make it easier.
- 18. Gender: Please learn any you didn't know and complete the test.
- 19. <u>Timed English Paper:</u> It's a good idea to set time aside for this in a quiet room without interruptions. Please mark and feed back quickly.

#### **GL** Verbal Reasoning

We will be introducing you to every verbal reasoning question type you will find in the exam. Please read the specified technique for each question type very carefully. Go over any mistakes you make in the example questions in detail.

GL Verbal Reasoning question types 5, 6, 7, and 8:

Read the technique carefully first, then do the questions.

20. <u>Compound words</u> - Introduction and technique and 10 questions

- 21. Odd two out Introduction and technique and 10 questions
- 22. <u>Hidden word</u> Introduction and technique and 10 questions
- 23. <u>Insert a letter</u> Introduction and technique and 10 questions

#### Maths

#### 24. Working Accurately

- Accuracy table. Another speed and accuracy test for you. Try to complete all the questions in five minutes. Next week we will combine the tests to see how much your accuracy under pressure is improving.
- Spot the mistakes. More mistakes to spot see if you can get them all!
- 25. <u>Core Topic Timed Test</u> This time we are allowing 27 minutes. Remember to please spend lots of time acipa war and mistakes otherwise way will not improve. *Used by Tutors*
- Private tutors also use this course as the central you to im part of their work with their pupils because it gives a clear structure, not only for lessons, but also for
- 27. Area Prot homework. Much more detail on the type of work
- 28. 4 Rules R to money down.
- 29. <u>BODMAS.</u> For some this will be useful revision, for others it is essential to learn. It helps you understand the order of calculations.
- 30. <u>BODMAS Practice questions.</u> The first ten questions are standard BODMAS questions. The second ten will stretch your reasoning skills.
- Please sign below when you have completed everything.
- Your helper may have to test you on some things.



Signed: (Parent/Teacher and Pupil).....

Please do lots of reading throughout this programme. We hope you enjoyed this part of the course.

# Words from past papers

- These words have come up before in 11 Plus past papers and may come up again.
- Insert the right word into each sentence. Watch out because some words will fit more than one sentence but there is only one solution. Use your logic skills to re-adjust if you go wrong.
- If you don't know any of the words then add them to your weekly vocabulary sheet.

	quench	flourish	sub	mit -	release
	pr	Words from p	past	ambition	digest
		papers		ice permit	
	merc	This series look	ks at	enant	ordeal
1.	He need	hundreds of ch	allenging	re.	
2.	She gair	words which ha	ve come	e votes.	
3.	He was	up in past 11 plu	ıs papers	acturing industry.	
4.	The :	or in papers pro publishers.	nduced by	vas shocking.	
5.	The pop	, 		song.	
6.	Peter tri	ed to	his younger	r sisters decision.	
7.	The crim	inal begged for	·		
8.	No matte	r how much water sk	Children u	vill know	_ her thirst.
9.	She went	·to her	some of the	hese words	
		ito		will be new.	
11.	11. The accident had been a scar might see				
		with his			
		onstrated her fierce		ers children	g four times a week.
14. He took a few moments to					
15.	She had I	been a perfect	of the h	nouse.	Marks /15

## My Personal Words List

Each week you will find new words or words you haven't quite learnt yet. Familiarisation and a wide vocabulary only develops with frequent exposure. Use this sheet to identify new words, then revise them regularly.

	New word	Meaning	New word in sentence
	(Write the new	(Write down its	(Write a short sentence with
This Chile	•	the heart of everyth Tue vocabulary and out	
	7	hese personal word lis	its should be used by children to
	ia t/	lentify 20 words (duri	ing each part of the course) that wite learnt properly or discovered



# Synonyms

010

Harder Word		Easier Word	
aban Synonyms		leave	
abbr		shorten	
abod words actively, wh		dwelling	
abru most books don't d		sudden	
abun include test activi		plentiful	
acco cannot learn by on	<u> </u>	room	
accurate		correct	
acute		sharp	
adhere		stick	
adversity		misfortune	
affectionate	We cover hundreds of synonyms		
aggressive	during the course. Children will		
aid	know	some of them but be less	
ally	famil	familiar with or not know others.	
altitude	<b></b>	neignt	
amazement		wonder	
amadi	raged to make a	friendly	
ample personal words	niliar words in their list	plentiful	
ancien	1131,	old	
animosity		hatred	



Second attempt



# Synonyms Match-up

Below you will see words from the synonyms you have just learnt.

Match each word from the box below with its synonym in the list below.

annual	arrogant		attired	beverages	
anonymous	assembly		audacity	broad	
Synonyms mat	ch-up		austere	catastrophe	
A few days afte	r the latest batc	h of	avaricious	cautious	
	peen learnt prope hildren to do this	rly	bombard	cease	
a revision exercise					
caretar		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, <b>:</b>		
clothes			shildnen te wa	ait a faw daya	
disaster	:		children to wo		
dressed	:	because the delay will reveal how well			
drinks		the learning activity was completed.  Any words they get wrong should be added to their personal words list so that they see it with greater frequency.			
expect					
gathering	:				
ghost	<b>1</b>				
greedy	Ť1	requer	ісу.		
haughty					
help					
impu The vast maj	ority of vocabula	rv			
10.0100	kpose children to				
	there's little cho				
Word office so					
stop words properly.					
Surpinse	'7.				
wide					
yearly					
yeurry					

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# Homophones



Some words are pronounced like other words but are different in spelling and meaning, e.g. write and right.

Die To stop living

Dye To colour or stain something, e.g. hair

Four The number after 3

## Homophones

These are words which sound the same but have different meanings and are spelt differently.

Children need to actively learn these words so that they become more familiar with this category.

Weight How heavy a thing is

Waist Part of the body between the ribs and the hips

Waste To make poor use of. Rubbish

Choose the correct	words from the pair to complete these sentences:
1. A quadruped has	legs; two hind legs and two legs. four fore
2. Cutlery is usually made	Children who have not
3. Queen Elizabeth is our	
4. Chloe decided to	developed their skills in this
5. The miners dug a tunne	en anno anno anno anno anno anno anno an
6. Most people	reasoning and with some
7. Millions of people spree	literacy tests.
8. In the the muddy track. rein rain	rider used the to guide the horse along the
9. She placed the rubbish	in the bin. waist waste
10. Her shirt was coming o	apart at the seam seem

You should learn these off by heart.



# Opposites

			9
	Eas	y Words	
1. come	l		<u></u> go
2. Opposites			varm
3. These are sind. synonyms wo	milar she	ets to our	ight/fair
4. synonyms wo	rk. We a	sk children to	night
5. learn these	thorough	ly over a few days	hallow
6. detend			<sup>…</sup> attack
7. deny			admit
8. depart			arrive
	Har	der Words	
9. conceal			reveal
10. condemn		By including some	e easier words we help
11. confined		ensure everythin	g is covered in a way
12. confirm		that also helps b	oost confidence.
13. contract	-		expana
14. coward			hero
15. damp			dry
16. defe Childr	ren will c	over hundreds of	victory
		ng the course.	neight
18. drunk	]		sober



Second attempt



# More Difficult Opposites

Complete the word on the right so that it has the opposite meaning to the word on the left.

### More Difficult Opposites

These sheets extend learning on opposites. The main opposites sheets cover all the basics, these more difficult words will really stretch children and it's likely that they will be writing out a number of these words into their personal words lists for ongoing attention.

AFFIRM S\_\_\_N

GULLIBLE \_A\_Y

IRRATIONAL C\_H\_\_NT

.<del>У.СОТ......</del>

It is this mix of stretching and encouraging pupils to interact with words frequently which makes the course so successful.

### Marks /10

If you want to improve your vocabulary make sure you read for at least half an hour every day.

## **CHAPTER IX** -THE STRANGEST HOUSE ANY ONE EVER LIVED IN-



The Secret Garden is a classic novel which follows the story of Mary Lennox, an ornban who moves into her unale's mansion. With the help of an enthusiastic

### Paired Reading

Paired reading (reading out loud together while both following the text) works magically to h improve a child's reading skills and vocabulary W knowledge.

imagine. The climbing roses knew they were und was covered

en which she is er sees Mary's

with grass of a wintry brown and out of it grew clumps of bushes which were surely rosebushes if they were alive. There were numbers of standard roses which had so spread their branches that they were like little trees. There were other trees

in the garden, and one loveliest was that clin each other or at a farmade lovely bridges

It is especially useful to do this with classic texts tendrils which made where children can be exposed to a segment of a book in the same way they might be in a now and Mary did no comprehension test.

brown branches and sprays worked like a son or manche spreaming over everything, walls, and trees, and even brown grass, where they had fallen from their fastenings and run along the ground. It was this hazy tangle from tree to tree which made it all look so mysterious. Mary had thought it must be different from

and indeed it was

We use specially selected excerpts from classic books for paired reading which should be enough for a twenty minute session each time.

### **Questions**

The following words are all underlined in the text above:

# Paired reading vocabulary testing

At the end of each paired reading section we use these tests to draw out potentially new vocabulary.

These texts and the vocabulary in them really help children to develop and refine their comprehension skills as well as their vocabulary.

D \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_ Unpleasant Exhilaration
Vanished Distinguish
Excessive Extreme
Hectic Immediately
Poignant Frail
Overwhelming

-E, write down a word from the box matches the following definitions

busy or full of frantic activity

very impressive and magnificent

disappear suddenly and completely

having or showing elegance and sophistication

to be eager or inquisitive about something

2) For the following five sentences, pick a word from the box above to complete the sentence so that it makes sense

As they had left hours ago, the arrival of her grandparents was — . . .

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## A. Arthur Lee's school work for marking

When I red about sailors feading choclates to whales I did not beleive it for one minit. It could not possibly be troo, could it. Someone must have invented the storey for the newpaper's.

Everyone knose that whales only eat plankton and other see creatures.

# On the mistakes

This is a type of exercise we use throughout the course with to help children focus on spotting mistakes. This is particularly important, not only in terms of their spelling parti development but also because GL have used spot the mistake type questions in past English tests.

desp

(ti

# Connectives

- A connective is a word such as 'and', 'but', or 'because', that we use to join two ideas or short sentences together.
- For example: 'Timothy likes bananas. He doesn't like apples'. These two short sentences can be combined by using the connective 'but'. The new sentence would read 'Timothy likes bananas but he doesn't like apples'.
- Connectives are useful as they allow us to write longer, more interesting sentences.

because

#### Exercise 1:

and

<del>but</del>

Use an appropriate connective from the box to join these short sentences together. One has been done for you.

before

after

although whilst 1. Kira likes rugby. She doesn't like football. Kira likes rugby but she doesn't like football. 2. Gary ran to school. He was late. 3. Toby brushed his teeth. He had eaten his breakfast. 4. Dad was singing loudly. He was in the shower.

5. I revise for 3 months. I have an exam.

6. Miranda hates raisins. She also hates mushrooms.

7. Chloe went to the cinema. She didn't want to.

Exercise 2: Match up the start of these sentences to the correct ending and underline each connective. One has been

### Ashir was good at maths

done for you.

unless his sister was going too.

Jamie got the bus to work so they decided to eat inside.

Tristan didn't want to go to the party and he always did well in tests.

It started to rain heavily because his car had broken down.

#### THREE MEN IN A BOAT – Jerome K. Jerome

This is a humorous novel that follows the adventures of three friends embarking on a boat trip along the River Thames. The extract below comes from the beginning of the story where the two of the three characters are starting out on their trip and getting ready to camp out on their first night. The narrator imagines past camping trips spent by the river before thinking about the trip he is on, where it is raining. The narrator is one of the three men; his friends are called Harris and George.

George and I

### Timed English Papers

Slowly the go sorrowing chi Our English papers always include a comprehension harsh croak d breathes out exercise. This one uses a difficult classic book text From the dir to ensure children are prepared for every

feet, above t

noiseless trea eventuality. It is delivered as a timed 11 Plus English throne, folds paper with further questions dealing with pale stars, rei punctuation and grammar.

t, like

d the

g day

with

nseen

mbre

y the

cooked and eaten. Then the big pipes are filled and lighted, and the pleasant chat goes round in musical undertone; while, in the pauses of our talk, the river, playing round the boat, prattles strange old tales and secrets, sings low the old child's song that it has sung so many thousand years—will sing so many thousand years to come, before its voice grows harsh and old—a song that we, who have learnt to love its changing face, who have so often nestled on its yielding bosom, think, somehow, we understand, though we could not tell you in mere words the story that we listen

And we sit there, by its margin, while the moon, who loves it too, stoops down to kiss it with a sister's kiss, and throws her silver arms around it clingingly; and we watch it as it flows, ever singing, ever whispering, out to meet its king, the sea-till our voices die away in silence, and the pipes go out—till we, common-place, everyday young men enough, feel strangely full of thoughts, half sad, half sweet, and do not care or want to speak—till we laugh, and, rising, knock the ashes from our burnt-out pipes, and say "Good-night," and, lulled by the lapping water and the rustling trees, we fall asleep beneath the great, still stars, and dream that the world is young again—young and sweet as she used to be ere the centuries of fret and care had furrowed her fair face, ere her children's sins and follies had made old her loving heart—sweet as she was in those bygone days when, a newmade mother, she nursed us, her children, upon her own deep breast-ere the wiles of painted civilization had lured us away from her fond arms, and the poisoned sneers of artificiality had made us ashamed of the simple life we led with her, and the simple, stately home where mankind was born so many thousands years ago.

Harris said:

## Metamorphosis

In the following passage there are some spelling mistakes. On each numbered line there is either one mistake, two mistakes or no mistakes. Each line is divided into groups of words with a letter underneath. If there is a mistake, ring the correct letter(s). If there is no mistake ring X.

1)	"How about if	I sleep a little bit longer	and forget all this	nonsence", he thought,	
	Α	В	С	D	
2)	but that was	something he was unable	to do becuse he	was used to sleeping on	
	Time	ed English Papel	rs - Mistake:	s Section	
3)	his rigi	papers also includ	le sections on i	usina correct	
• \	415 - 11	ing, punctuation a			
4)	naru ne	rehension elemen			
5)		of questions child	•		1
٥,	A.		,		
6)	look at the	flowndering legs, and	only stopped who	en he began to feel a	
	A	В	С	D	
7)	mild, dull pain	there that he	had never	felt before.	
	A	В	С	D	
In 8)	sen	tence using the correct p	unctuation in the sp	in punctuation. Rewrite each ace provided.  dancing was known as the	
-,	worst.		, , , , , , , , ,	0	
9)	Catherine his wif	fe of many years had deci	ded to go and live in	Spain.	
_ 10)	Fred was asked t	to hold-up the picture.			
- 11)	My parents' hous	se is in one of the citys nic	cest areas, said Josh.		
_ Le	arning Street		1		

# Words Closest in Meaning

This is a real test of vocabulary. As with other vocabulary based tests if words are not known - learn them. Remember results in this area will only improve alongside vocabulary growth.

As this is a vocabulary test there is very little technique to learn - but the more questions you do the better your vocabulary will get.

## Technique Guides

(Tip - remember t

There are 21
different GL Verbal
Reasoning question
types. We provide a
detailed technique
quide for each one.

are closest in meaning.

meaning – not opposite, not close –

te, dear, divinity)

#### <u>Technique</u>

**>** 

Remember you are

You are also looking for the actual

meaning not word association (which is a common mistake).

- 1) You should just work methodically through the words. Take the first word in the first set of words and compare it to each of the words in the second set. Are any similar?
- 2) Then do the same with the second word and then the third word.
- 3) It may well be that you will quickly arrive A number of GL
- 4) If you do not know the answer then you some options. If so, your guess will have a highe

A number of GL
question types focus
on vocabulary. We
deal with these first.

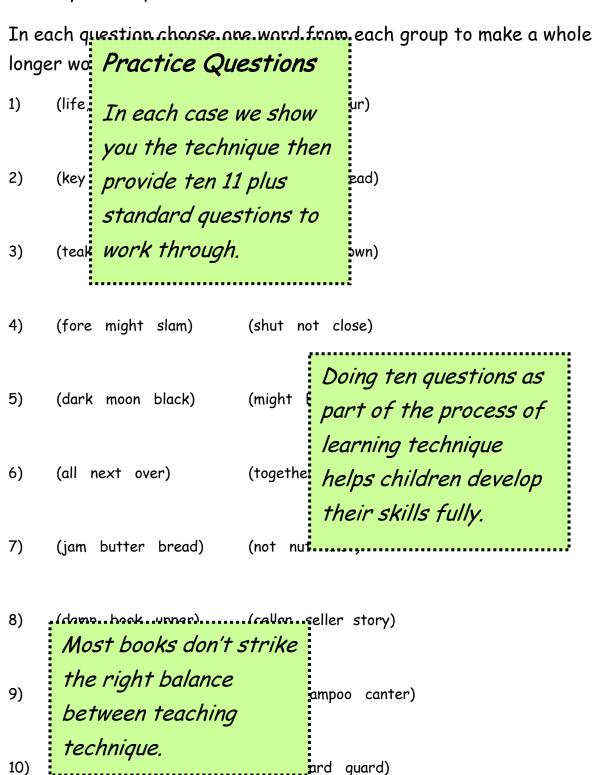
Children with a wider vocabulary can do better you should read and learn the meaning of new words that you find.

ilary,

Remember this technique will not lead you directly to the answer but working in a systemised way is the best approach. It helps save time and cuts out errors.

# Compound Words

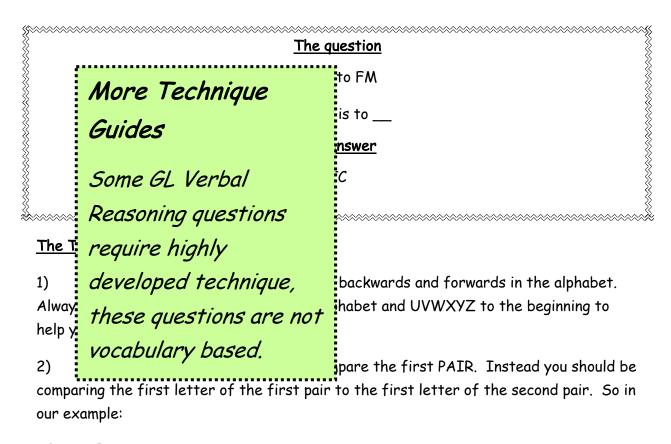
Now try these questions:



# Letter Connections

This type of question requires a strong alphabetical knowledge but doesn't test vocabulary or spelling.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z



CG is to FM as QW is to \_\_? In these cases we What is the relationship between C and F? provide very full apply the same to the second section. technique guidance to As QW is to \_\_? From Q, 3 forwards is T \$ ensure children can Then we do the same with the secon 3) tackle the questions CG is to FM as QW is to T\_? properly. The relationship between G and M is forwar d the answer is forward six. W + 6 = C

4) With multiple choice questions if only one answer option started with a T then that would be the correct one. (realising this may have saved time.)5)

# Word Letter Codes

Now try these questions:

### A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

- 1) If **Practice Questions** he code for MAKE?
- 2) If the provide ten does OEJYA mean?
- part of the technique

  3) If development process. the code for STYLE?
- 4) If the code for CRIME is LARVN what does BCAJY mean?
- 5) If the code for TENNIS is HSBBWG what is the code for NORMAL?
- 6) If the code for NEVER is PUXU
- 7) If the code for PUPIL is NRLDF
- 8) If the code for CRACK is DUFJ

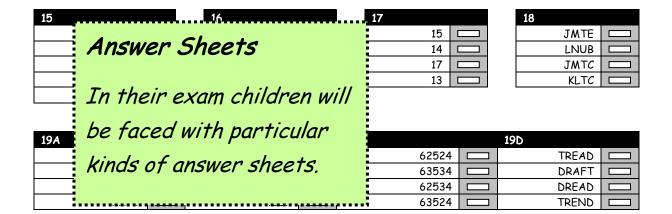
Doing these 11 plus standard questions helps ensure children have fully grasped the technique required.

- 9) If the code for SOUND is PLRKA what is the code for TAPES?
- 10) If the code for SHOE is HSLV what does OZHG mean?

### REVISION PAPER - 11+ VOCABULARY AND GL VR - 21 Q's - No 1

Find two words, gradient and that are In each question choose two words, one from each in brackets, that best complete the closest in meaning Revision Papers Example ble (devil Once we have been intal is to (flat, across, vertical) (despe reat is to (attack, backwards, defend) through the question types **Answer** we then start on regular htal is to vertical, as retreat is to attack re connected because they are opposites) revision. QUESTION TION (delusion, gift, arrangement) are is to (not, aren't, era) (contract, signature, stable) as avid is to (keen, diva, sharp) In each question choose one word from each Identify the words with the most opposite <u>aroun to make a whale lo</u>nger word. meanings (one from each set of thre These revision papers Example (rich, plentiful, feeble): cover all 21 different elt, mass) (weak, scarce, enough) ge, acre) types of question ensuring Answer scarce is the opposite of plet children have regular sacre **QUESTION** exposure to each type. (reduction, reduce, small) (have, time, get) (increase, minute, many) Find a single word which goes equally well with In each pair the second word is formed from the both pairs of words. Choose from the selection letters of the first word in the same way each time. Find the missing word in the third pair. below each question. Example Example (PLANT CULTIVATE) (PIG BOAR) (stones nest) (stewed west) (deacon ?) soil, grow, hog, produce, sow **Answer** Answer code SOW 3 QUESTION QUESTION (spot pot) (stop top) (four ?) THIN) (BRIGHT LUMINOUS) (SMALL agile, light, torch, radiant GO STRAIGHT ON TO THE NEXT PAGE GO STRAIGHT ON

#### REVISION PAPER ANSWER SHEET NO 2 – 11 PLUS VOCABULARY AND GL VR



20	
javelin	
football	
netball	
running	
hockev	

21	
SNI	
PINS	
PIPS	
SNAF	ĵ
NAPS	

In these revision papers we show children how to use the answer sheets so they get used to the process.

put it into the	word on t	he word on the left and he right. Two new words	In each line find the two words that are different from the remaining three.			
should be creat		Full Timed Tes	t P	apers		
Answer	drain rain	We provide full to papers for childress style.			er, boot, stocking  Answer e answer is stocki r three words are slipper, boot, s	ng and sock. all types of shoe –
QUESTION		1		QUESTIO	N 8	
	start	lid		r	elease, seize, clasp	o, grip, lose
QUESTION		2		QUESTIO	N <b>9</b>	
QUESTION	dined trip	one 3 sill	1	1 plus sto ruestions		turtle, dolphin rica, Europe
QUESTION		4		QUESTIO	N 11	
QUESTION	harm	sip 5		gossip, co		dispute, argument
QUESTION	each allow which	e are 85 questions paper and a time ance of 50 minute h reflects what th in an exam.	5	UESTIO	climb, summit, fall,  N 13  nes, Severn, Clyde,	
QUESTIONS		7		QUESTIO Ten	erife, Lanzarote, S	•
	deny GO STR <i>F</i>	man NIGHT ON		GO ST	Fuertevent RAIGHT ON TO T	

# Speed and Accuracy Test

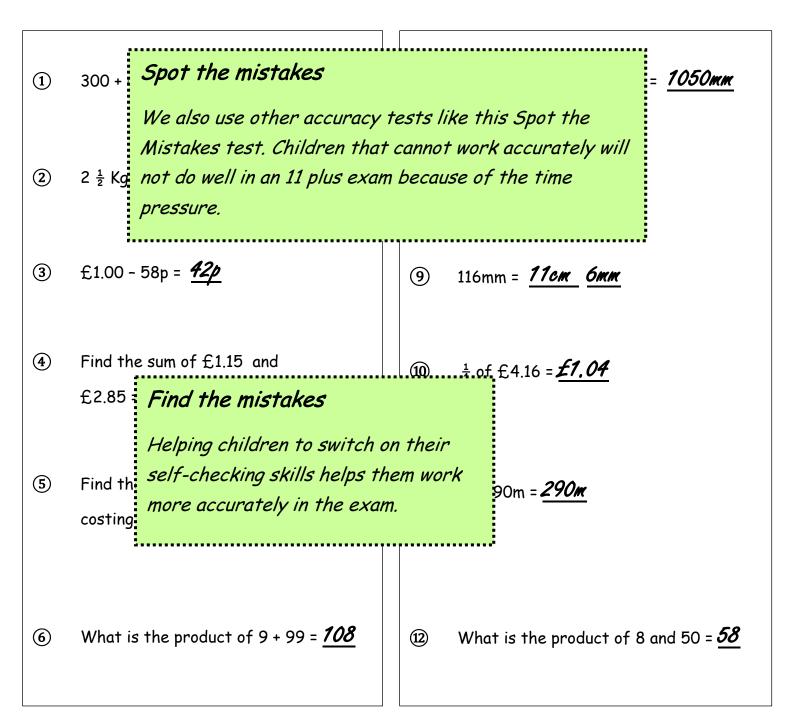
- You have five minutes. Children should be working towards scoring 100%.
- Watch out for the changes to  $+/\div/-/x$
- This test will be repeated five times, where mistakes are made it will be an indication that further times tables work and attention to detail is necessary.

8 + 7 =	9 - 4 =	6 x 7 =	54 ÷ 6 =	8 + 4 =				
7 x 5 =	Speed and Accuracy Tests  At the beginning of the course we spend time							
12 - 7 =	exposing whether pupils have sufficiently solid core skills. As these skills provide the fundamental basis from which children will develop, ensuring these are							
96 ÷ 8 =	well established will aid them during the other sections of the course.							
6 x 3 =	······································	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u></u>	0.4.4.6				
5 + 8 =	14 - 9 =	0 × 8 =	8 + 6 =	12 - 8 =				
5 x 6 =	44 ÷ 4 =	7 + 9 =	28 ÷ 7 =	9 × 6 =				
5 + 7 =	15 - 6 =	48 ÷ 6 =	5 + 4 =	64 ÷ 8 =				
16 - 8 =	36 ÷ 9 =	8 + 8 =	42 ÷ 7 =	7 × 7 =				
7 x 6 =	9 - 6 =	72 ÷ 9 =	9 + 8 =	108 ÷ 9 =				

Score /50

# Spot the Mistakes - Maths

- Victor has completed his Mental Maths task but unfortunately he's made a number of mistakes. His answers are underlined.
- Circle the mistakes. See if you can work out what he might have done wrong

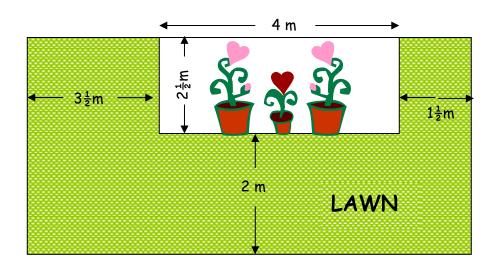


Marks /

# Area Problems

A rectangular garden comprises a rectangular flowerbed surrounded on three of its sides by a lawn.

Answer the following questions which relate to this diagram.



a) Area Problems

We also make sure we cover the core topics
 children may get questions on. This sheet is one we use to help children learn about area.

c) arden.

d) Work out, in square metres, the area of the flowerbed.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

e) What is the area of the lawn? Answer:

f) Find the cost of re-sowing the lawn if grass seed costs £1.86 for each square metre of lawn.

Answer:

### The BODMAS Rule

The rule for the order in which you conduct calculations is: BODMAS

This means:

Brackets Orders Division Multiplication Addition Subtraction.

In other words:

- 1. You must work out the sum in the Bracket first and then complete any Orders (this also means indices, powers, or roots e.g.  $3^2$ ).
- 2. Next you must work out any Divison or Multiplication.
- 3. Finally complete any Addition or Subtraction required.

Remember - if a number appears immediately before a bracket it means you must Multiply (the result of the sum in the bracket) by that figure, so: 5(3.1 + 1.9) means  $5 \times (3.1 + 1.9) = 5 \times 5 = 25$ 

Here is an example of the **BODMAS** rule in action:

$$6(1.2 + 0.8) - (4.6 - 1.6)$$
 Do the Bracket sums first

BODMA5

As part of each topic introduction/review we include further work and examples to ensure knowledge has sunk in properly.

Now look at this question:

$$6(2.36 + 5.62) =$$
 Do the Bracket sum first - 2.36 + 5.62 = 7.98

$$6 \times 7.98 = 47.88 \checkmark$$
 Then Multiply

Please file this away safely because you will need to refer to it again.

# Mathematics Revision Test 2

1. 323.76 + 19 hundredths

=

- 12. 12 × 8 =
- 2. Draw a hexagon in this space:
- 13. 6 x 7 =
- **14**. 9 × 6 = \_\_\_\_\_

3. 13<sup>2</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_

15. How many tenths in 23.9?

### Maths Revision Tests

Throughout the course we ensure children are using the skills they have regularly. This is an example of our regular revision test sheets. These sheets cover a great deal of the syllabus and little by little help to consolidate knowledge and give children confidence.

4. Draw an obtuse angle - label it.

NO/YES

20. How many lines of symmetry has a hexagon?

= \_\_\_\_\_

5. Draw a rhombus

SCORE BOX:

### Maths Revision Tests

With Maths it's essential that children use their skills regularly so we provide enough of these and other pages to ensure children are working at the level of frequency.

8. 19 cm 14 cm

how to do long

Find the area of this shape:

= \_\_\_\_\_

9. 4.9 L = \_\_\_\_\_ mls

10. Write 555 tenths as a decimal = \_\_\_\_

11. 9 squared = \_\_\_\_\_

Are you improving? YES/ANY MINUTE NOW

<ol><li>Complete the following money problems</li></ol>	5.	Complete	the	following	monev	problems
---	----	----------	-----	-----------	-------	----------

- A single bus fare to work costs £1.25. How much have I spent altogether on bus fares by the time I have returned home?
- If I go to the newsagent and buy 5 magazines costing £3.99 each. How b. much di

## Maths Papers

question Midway through we start to give a full timed paper in each part of the course. We ask

- 6. Answ parents to ensure this is administered correctly.
  - a. Six squared = \_\_\_\_ e. The square root of 6
  - **b**. The cube root of 27
- **f**. Two fifths of 75kg

I bought in

- c. 60% of £60.00
- g. 4(x + y) when x = 6.1 and y = 3.8
- **d.** 2(p q) when p = 4.7 and
- q = 2.3

## Maths Papers

- 7. If Children get every opportunity to learn to complete the papers within the time allowance and the work α. we have done on core skills and topics means they b. should be focussed on accuracy. C.
- 8. How many lines of symmetry do these shapes have? Some may have none.
- a.

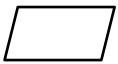


b.



c.





17. When peter went to Spain recently the exchange rate was 1.2 Euros to the pound sterling. He bought a bottle of wine costing 6.7 Euros. What was the cost of the bottle in pounds sterling? (round you answer to the nearest penny).

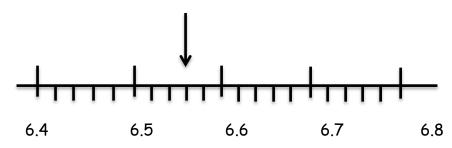
18. A family build a pond in their garden. When it is full it holds 9900 litres of water. The pond is filled from the garden tap which delivers a litre of water every 3 seconds. How long will it take to fill the pond? \_

# 19. Which of

A. 3.075. The papers towards the end are at least as difficult as the questions they will find in the exam so they will be very well prepared. We also ensure they see a variety of different types of question to ensure they are 20. My bus prepared for every eventuality.

took 45 minutes. At what time did it arrive?

21. What measurement does the arrow point to on the scale below? \_\_\_\_\_



22. A jar of marbles was made up like this:

	Large	Small
Black	8	14
Red	12	16

What percentage of the marbles were small?

### Spot the mistakes

**4**) Raj may have guessed.

Remember the bottom of the fractions must be the same to add them (and we do to the top what we do to the bottom) so .... 3/10+4/10

We can now add  $\frac{3}{10}$ ,  $\frac{4}{10}$ ,  $\frac{7}{10}$ . This cannot be simplified so  $\frac{7}{10}$  is the answer

- Find the product means multiply NOT add. The answer should be 138.
- (8) 364 looks like the num order they are not in t 1000) = 3000 not 300,  $(4 \times 10) = 40 \text{ not } 4. \text{ Sc}$ 3640
- (11) This is probably the question properly. 2m
- (12) These questions question so  $X = (6 \times 9)$

- 9. 329
- 10.15p
- 11.8
- 12.1 hour 57 minutes
- 13. £3.80
- 14.9
- 15.52
- 16. 2
- 17.60
- 18. 1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24
- 19. 3

## The mistake ma Full answers for every question

There are answers provided for every question in each part of the course.

Where a full detailed explanation The correct method is is needed, we give it.

#### **Revision Test 3**

- 1. 19
- 2.49
- 3. 2.10
- (It does not matter which

way up you draw this shape)





- 15
- 7. 3.87
- 8. 18 minutes

- 11. 107
- 12. 9.5
- 13. 5.9
- 14. 2300 ml
- 15. 12.6
- 369 16.
- 17. 70g
- 18. 61
- 19. 9.12
- 20. 3.3

### ANSWERS - MATHS BOOST - PART 4

### Maths Reasoning sheet

1.	15 is 3 more than / half this	24
	number	
	12 is	
2.	9 is 4 more than / half this	10
	number	
	5 is	
3.	18 is 4 less than / twice this	11
	number	
	22 is	
4.	36 is 8 more than / twice this	14
	number	
	28	
5.	45 is 9 less than/ six times this	9
	number	
	54	
6.	23 is 7 less than / three times	10
	this number	
	30	
7.	24 is 6 less than / six times this	5
	number	
	30	
8.	6 is 6 less than / <b>twice this</b>	6
	number	
	12	
9.	14 is 10 less than / half this	48
	number	
	24	
10.	4 is 11 less than / half this number	30
	15	

11	6 is 5 times smaller than/ this number	30
12.	8 is 7 times smaller than/ this number	56
13.	200 is 20 times larger than/ this number	10
14.	If this number is made 6 times larger the answer is 42	7
15.	8 is 20 times smaller than/ this number	160
16.	14 is 7 times bigger than/ this number	2
17.	4 is 9 times smaller than/ this number	36
18.	250 is 10 times larger than/ this number	25
19.	150 is 3 times larger than/ this number	
20.	9 is 3 times smaller than/ this number	27

#### ANSWERS - MATHS BOOST - PART 4

### Mastering Measurement

(Answers left to right, top to bottom)

- 1. 0.5m
- 2. 50cm
- 3. 500mm
- 4.  $\frac{1}{4}$ m
- 5. 0.25m
- 6. 250mm
- 7.  $\frac{3}{4}$ m
- 8. 0.75m
- 9. 75cm
- 10. 1m
- 11. 100cm
- 12. 1000cm
- 13. 500g
- 14. 500,000mg
- 15. 0.5kg
- 16.  $\frac{3}{4}$ kg
- 17. 750g
- 18. 750,000mg
- 19.  $\frac{1}{4}$ kg
- 20. 0.25kg
- 21. 250g
- 22. 50cl
- 23. 500ml
- 24. 0.51
- 25. ½I
- 26. 250ml
- 27. 25cl
- 28. 0.751
- 29. 750ml
- 30. 75cl

### ANSWERS - MATHS BOOST - PART 4

Maths type 1 paper 2  Page 1  1. a. 4/11 b. 7/11 c. 4/11 d. 3/11  2. a. 5.27 b. 3.31 c. 8.57  3. a. 32 b. 1056 c. 6.08 d3  4. a. 1/2 b. 4/5 c. 13/200 d. 3/4 e. 1/4 f. 79/100	Page 2  5. a. pear b. 13 c. coke d. 1 e. pepsi and lemonade f. 53  6. a. 13:35 b. 2:55am c. 02:55 d. 1) 9:56pm 2) 21:56	Page 3  7.  a. 8.65 b. 16.02 c. 136.50 d. 542.89  8. a. prime - 3,5,11,19, and 43 b. not prime - 6,9,27,36,51 and 54  9. a. 14 b. 28 c. 70 d. 17.5 e. 42  10. a. 0.228 b. +1 c. 8 d. 59mm	Page 4  10. e. £5.12 f. 92gm g. 4² h2 i. 0.50litres j. √58  11. a. 160° b. 65° c. 124° d. 74° e. 110°	Page 5 12. a. Cara b. 1.39kg c. 7.72kg d. 5.77kg e. 4.67kg  13. a. 90km b. 5cm c. 60km d. 10cm e. 180km f. 45km g. 8km
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